

Moorish lobes as their bodies are shaped almost like a fan with striking black, yellow, and white stripes. The Moorish lobe has a long terminal mouth that can make them in feeding food, such as helping them catch pieces of food in currents. Their dorsal fin is extremely lengthy which keeps the fish upright when it swims. Inside of their terminal mouth lies many beak-like teeth. The Moorish lobe eats sponges, coral polyps, mollusks, and other invertebrates. Throughout their short lifetime of 2 to 4 years, they can grow up to 23 centimeters in length, where the males are usually bigger than the females. This beautiful fish species usually swims alone but can also be spotted swimming in pairs or in schools and are active during the day. They are not good at adapting to different environments as they are sensitive to water quality and temperature changes.

The Discus fish, otherwise known as "King of the Aquarium Fish," is an extremely vibrant colored fish that can range from the colors red, green, blue, and brown coupled with different colored faces and patterns. Their colors have the ability to turn brighter when they are experiencing intense emotions, such as fear. The Discus fish originated from the tributaries of the Amazon River in South America and they still live there, therefore making them freshwater fish. However, during the reproduction season, they stay in slightly acidic waters. Throughout their 10 to 15 years of life, the Discus fish can grow up to 6-8 inches in length and height, where the male is bigger than the female. The male and female would typically stay together as they are powerful fish and get along with each other well. The Discus fish species are coral reef, meaning they can look plants